Public Association «Legal Center for Women’s Initiatives «Sana Sezim» - is non-governmental, non-profit organization registered in May 2001, was re-registered from a private institution to a public association in January 2004.

Mission of the PA «LCWI «Sana Sezim»

Building civil society and democracy through the promotion of women and children in society, the formation of non-violent relationships in society, and the development of the movement to protect the rights of women and children.

PRINCIPLES OF THE CENTER

Transparency, openness, clarity of thoughts, actions and ideas based on wisdom, spirituality, and harmony.

Public Association «Legal Center for Women's Initiatives «Sana Sezim» is open for cooperation and partnership!
CONTENT

KEYNOTE SPEECH

STRUCTURE OF THE ORGANIZATION

ACHIEVEMENTS OF NGO "Sana Sezim" IN 2018

ACTIVITIES AND PROJECTS, IMPLEMENTED BY NGO "SANA SEZIM" IN 2018

WOMEN'S ACCESS TO JUSTICE

STOP TRAFFICKING WOMEN AND CHILDREN

PROVIDING SPECIAL SOCIAL SERVICES TO THE VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING

WORK MIGRATION

RENDERING ASSISTANCE IN THE SOCIAL INTEGRATION OF MIGRANT WORKERS IN THE HOSTING COMMUNITY OF THE SOUTH KAZAKHSTAN REGION

PROVIDING LEGAL AID TO INDIVIDUALS WITHOUT CITIZENSHIP IN THE SOUTH KAZAKHSTAN REGION, QYZYLORDA AND ZHAMBYL, KAZAKHSTAN

TEAM OF NGO "SANA SEZIM"

MEMBERSHIP OF NGO “SANA SERZIM” IN VARIOUS ASSOCIATIONS AND COALITIONS

OUR PARTNERS
The Public Association "Legal Center for Women's Initiatives "Sana Sezim" (hereinafter, NGO "Sana Sezim") is pleased to present to your attention a report on the activities of the organization for 2018. After reading our report, you can find out what activities the organization carries out, who our partners are and what our achievements are.

Last year gave us a lot of interesting, vivid and memorable events and changes. We went through a lot, coped with the tasks, experienced ups and downs, but the most important thing was that we chose the right direction and invariably followed it.

We can not only evaluate the results of the traversed path with satisfaction, but also look to the future with high optimism. With fresh forces and ideas, we are ready to work hard and fulfill all the tasks set by us for 2018.

One of the important achievements in creating a civil society in Kazakhstan is the establishment of non-governmental organizations (NGOs). It is NGOs that act as mediators between the state and citizens, assume many functions of social transformations and work in society, make a very significant contribution to solving various problems of the social sphere: ecology, enhancing the role of women in society, consumer rights, youth, mothers of large and single mothers, orphans, disabled children, victims of illegal repression, etc. There is a process of awareness by society of the high role of this social institution. Now of particular importance is the strengthening of high-quality organizational and practical support of non-governmental organizations by the state.

In our organization, work only those who are really interested in the success of a common cause work, who are not indifferent to someone else's problem, those who are striving for personal professional growth. The main assessment of our common work is the loyal attitude of partners and customers to our organization.

We have an understanding of the need to further consistently improve the quality of our services, progressive development and the expansion of our capabilities. For us, respect for employees, our partners, customers, where our activities are conducted is the most important factor in the longevity of success. We believe that only the integrated implementation of our mission and strategy, prosperity, both for the organization as a whole and for our employees as well as our clients, ensures sustainable dynamic development for us. We pay great attention to organizational development, human resources, the introduction of new approaches and methods for working with target groups. In short, "we keep up with the times". And we set ourselves this task for the future: to develop, without slowing down, to move forward with new energy.

I would like to thank all our partners and customers, we very much appreciate the trust and support given to us, wish unconditional confidence in success, good health, family well-being, new victories and achievements. I would also like to thank all our competitors who do not allow us to relax, encourage us to be stronger and continuously improve.

Thank you for your interest in our organization. Our doors are always open for motivated people, interesting ideas and innovative projects.

Respectfully yours,

President of Legal Center for Women's Initiatives "Sana Sezim",
Khadicha Abysheva.
STRUCTURE OF THE ORGANIZATION:

- **GENERAL WORKS**
  - PRESIDENT
    - COORDINATION COUNCIL
      - Access of women to justice
    - REVISION COMMISSION
      - VICE-PRESIDENT
        - PROGRAM COORDINATOR
          - Stop Trafficking Women and Children
          - Labor migration
          - Volunteer club

**ACTIVITIES**

- Providing of judicial, psychological and social services
- Rendering legal assistance in 4 regions of Kazakhstan
- Hotline
- Trainings, seminars, conferences and events
- Information campaign, mobile consultation

**COOPERATION**

- Government and law enforcement organs
- International organizations
- International and local NGOs
- Mass Media
- Embassies and Consulates of foreign countries in Kazakhstan
ACHIEVEMENTS OF NGO "Sana Sezim" in 2018

• Has been awarded with a thank you letter from the Akim of Shymkent for active participation in the development of civil society, active participation in the state policy of the city of Shymkent.

• At present, the NGO “Sana Sezim” has a library with more than 3,000 items of printed materials for various innovative courses and programs.

• The staff of the NGO “Sana Sezim” constantly undergo various courses to improve their skills, not only in Kazakhstan, but also beyond its borders. In particular, they were trained in such countries as Belgium, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Poland, Russia, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, Austria.
ACTIVITIES AND PROJECTS, IMPLEMENTED BY NGO "SANA SEZIM" IN 2018

WOMEN’S ACCESS TO JUSTICE

“Promoting gender equality among vulnerable groups”
August 2018 – April 2019

“Providing legal aid to individuals without citizenship in the South Kazakhstan Region, Qyzylorda and Zhambyl, Kazakhstan.
January 2018 - December 2018

STOP TRAFFICKING WOMEN/CHILDREN

“Provision of special social services to victims of human trafficking”
April 2018 – December 2018

“Strengthening the fight against human trafficking and the protection of vulnerable migrants in Central Asia in the context of regional and global challenges”
January 2018 – December 2018

LABOR MIGRATION

“Assistance in the social integration of migrant workers in the host community in the Turkistan region”
April 2018 – September 2018

“Migrant rights are human rights”
October 2016 - September 2018
WOMEN’S ACCESS TO JUSTICE

GOALS:

- Increase the level of legal awareness of women, children and people with disabilities with regard to their rights, as well as mechanisms for their protection through an educational and information campaign, using a partner network in different areas of Kazakhstan.
- Change the practice of law in the field of access to justice, law enforcement and judicial and executive bodies, through outreach and educational activities.
- Improve the quality of legal and advocacy assistance to women, children and people with disabilities, as well as to strengthen the principles of equality.

In the framework of the direction of women's access to justice, the NGO “Sana Sezim” helps to reduce the level of violent relations in society, protect the rights of women, children and people with disabilities and ensure their access to justice.

Women's access to justice is hampered in a variety of situations, with domestic violence, sexual violence, and labor relations, which include the right to social security, protection of health and safe working conditions, etc.

In practice, we were faced with the fact that women often take away their statements because of their economic insecurity (lack of their own housing, work). Cases of domestic violence or marital rape are often not brought to court.

Very often, women themselves are not aware of their rights and do not have legal literacy. Despite the fact that a large number of various programs are being implemented, aimed at disseminating information and raising women's awareness of their rights.

Great importance is the mentality of our southern region. In particular, girls bring up obedience to their father and brother, who have the right to make decisions. After marrying, she is expected to devote her life to children and home, this is especially true for families living in rural areas. The fear that she will be condemned by her family, society and law enforcement officers, if she speaks openly about abusive treatment in the family, refrains the woman from seeking justice. The decision of women to exercise their right to access to justice is also influenced by the lack of their own money to obtain legal assistance and to secure themselves and children after a divorce. There is another reason, despite the fact that much work is being done in Kazakhstan to eliminate corruption, this problem, in practice, still often reduces trust, in which citizens avoid contacting law enforcement agencies and the court.

The practice of the organization shows that in the case of sexual violence, women are often afraid and do not submit an application, especially when the perpetrator is familiar to them, as well as when serious harm to their health was not caused as a result of the incident. More often, they seek psychological support, as the perpetrator often tries to persuade the victim to accept compensation or not to apply at all. To this end, they can use various methods of pressure or intimidation.

Domestic violence in Kazakhstan is an administrative violation. The Law on the Prevention of Domestic Violence does not criminalize domestic violence. There are a number of measures that are used in domestic violence: preventive conversations, protective orders, administrative detention and the establishment of special requirements for the behavior of the offender. But more often the offender is not aware of his guilt and preventive conversations conducted by law enforcement officers are ineffective. Women who have been subjected to violence often fear revenge from their husbands, as they are not sure that law enforcement agencies will be able to protect them. If a woman decides to file for divorce, a long struggle in the courts for property and children, as well as a lack of support and condemnation of her relatives, can expect her later. Many women do not even have
the right to property and children after leaving their husband, as they enter into a civil marriage without formal documentation. Such women need professional support, both legal and psychological, which they receive in our organization.

In this area, women and children are provided with information on access to justice, current national legislation, as well as practical assistance of lawyers in solving a variety of problems. Such assistance includes a range of services, from the provision of legal advice to the drafting of applications and complaints to various instances, as well as the representation of the interests of women and children in court.

Lawyers put up ads in villages and remote areas with contact details of centers where free legal advice is provided, booklets are distributed.

During the reporting period, 45 informational articles were published, 18 radio and television interviews, which allowed a large number of people to be informed about the organization’s activities, as well as about the rights of vulnerable groups in access to justice.

It is important to note that due to the information materials released in newspapers, the number of calls to the hotline of our organization in Shymkent increased. Common booklets among the population have a multiplier effect, not only the direct recipients of the booklets, but also their friends and relatives apply.

Between January and December 2018, 732 people contacted lawyers for advice on the rights of women and children.

Analysis of complaints shows that the majority of those seeking help are women, whose access to justice is particularly difficult, and falling into the age category from 21 to 49 years.

The majority of those who turned to the organization, due to legal nihilism, do not know where to go for help, therefore they were provided with information about the functions of state and law enforcement agencies, as well as contact details of the specialists responsible for solving problem issues in these organizations.

During the period from January 2018 to December 2018, 732 people addressed the issue of violence against women and children, which include appeals about: psychological violence - 625, cases of physical violence - 168, 321 - economic, 21 - sexual. Some of the appeals of women include several types of violence at the same time.

To prevent domestic violence and discrimination against women and girls, it is necessary to continue to educate young people on the above topics. Thus, the NGO “Sana Sezim” implemented the project “Promoting gender equality among vulnerable groups of the population” with the financial support of the US Embassy. The goal of the project is to form knowledge about gender policy, stereotypes and their influence on the situation in society.

Project activities are aimed at overcoming problems related to gender equality; to promote the interest of students in studying this issue; promote the importance of this problem and the need for changes in gender policy issues. During the reporting period, 11 seminars on gender equality were held for 275 students of universities in the city of Shymkent.
Since 2001, the NGO “Sana Sezim” has been working to prevent and suppress the traffic of people to foreign and neighboring countries. As part of the “Stop trafficking women and children!” activities, legal, psychological and social assistance were provided for potential victims of human trafficking (graduates of schools, universities, orphanages), booklets containing information on traffic prevention are distributed, the hotline. Cooperation is being carried out with international and national organizations on the return of victims of human trafficking to their homeland.

Those who applied to the organization receive qualified advice from specialists in three languages (Kazakh, Russian and Uzbek) concerning traveling abroad, processing visas and documents for working abroad, traveling for tourism.

From January to December 2018, 984 calls were received by the organization’s “hot line” (men - 458, women - 526).

The most frequent complaints come from people who want to go to work, as well as from parents, relatives, partner organizations, law enforcement officers.

The organization’s lawyers conducted 652 consultations. Assistance was provided in the formulation of legally competent contracts when going abroad to work. Assistance in the return of the VTs to the Motherland was provided by the Embassies and Consulates of the Republic of Kazakhstan in South Korea, the Russian Federation, the Republic of Uzbekistan, and the Republic of Tajikistan.

Work was closely carried out with the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the Directorate for Combating Organized Crime of the Shymkent Police Department, the General Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Kazakhstan in rescuing and protecting the rights and interests of victims of trafficking, a memorandum of cooperation with the Organized Crime Control Department to combat trafficking in persons was concluded.

During the period of the project implementation, 77 foreign citizens, 22 citizens of the Republic of Kazakhstan were rescued from slavery and provided assistance.

Psychological assistance was provided to 243 victims of human trafficking, as well as their families and people close to them. Social assistance was provided to 112 clients and their families, and the reintegration of victims of trafficking in persons into the social environment is carried out to prevent secondary victimization. Within the walls of the shelter, 21 people have been rehabilitated.

For young people, as potential victims of human trafficking, 28 training sessions were conducted and 550 young people aged 13–25 years were taken on as potential victims of human trafficking. Training participants received information on the existing risk of trafficking in persons, on personal security methods when traveling abroad, on recruitment and transportation of people by human traffickers, on the existing types of exploitation of people, as well as on international standards and national legislation.

Brochures were distributed to potential victims of human trafficking, as well as at seminars and information campaigns. The brochures contain information with all contacts and phones of all local services, embassies, consulates, NGOs dealing with this problem abroad and in the CIS countries, a list of licensed and canceled travel companies.

As part of an information campaign, booklets are distributed to potential victims of trafficking. The booklets contain information on the existing risk of trafficking in persons, on personal safety methods when traveling abroad, on recruitment and transportation of people by traffickers, on the existing types of exploitation of people, as well as the telephone number of the “hot line”. The media published 16 news articles, 3 speeches on television and radio.
Today, with the support of international organizations, the following types of services are provided to victims of trafficking: provision of safe housing, medical assistance, psychological assistance, legal advice, registration of new or restoration of lost documents, assistance in obtaining temporary or permanent work corresponding to their capabilities, interests, needs, as well as in vocational guidance and obtaining a specialty.

**Providing Special Social Services to Victims of Trafficking**

In 2016, within the framework of this area, the NGO “Sana Sezim” launched a pilot project for the provision of special social services (hereinafter SSS) to victims of human trafficking. Order No. 138 of February 24, 2016 of the Acting Minister of Health and Social Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan, approved the Standard for the provision of SSSs to victims of human trafficking.

The goal of the project is to re-socialize the victims of human trafficking, through the provision of a complex of psychological, pedagogical, professional and legal services aimed at restoring the individual’s social connections weakened by circumstances, as well as other activities aimed at reintegrating the victims of human trafficking into the family and society.

During the period from April 13, 2018 to December 31, 2018, 21 people received SSS at the shelter of the NGO “Sana Sezim”. According to the standard of rendering SSS to victims of human trafficking “If at the time of the treatment of a person there were minor children in respect of whom he is a legal representative, then admission to the organization is carried out with the children. Children entering with their parents or other legal representatives are counted as separate recipients of services. ”

Of these, by gender and age categories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Girls</th>
<th>Boys</th>
<th>Overall</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21 – 38 age</td>
<td>36 – 65 age</td>
<td>0 – 7 age</td>
<td>1 – 8 age</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1341 services were provided by social workers, including:
- social - household - 883
- social - pedagogical - 251
- social - cultural - 207

The psychologist conducted 166 services, including:
- social - psychological – 166

The lawyer conducted 148 services, of which:
- social - legal - 148

Attracted by a qualified expert rendered:
- social - medical - 175 services.

Employees of the organization conducted 25 information services.

During the project, children of pre-school age (3 children age 3-5 years old) were arranged in a kindergarten "Zhan Borte", with the possibility of free admission.

All service recipients successfully reintegrated and were socialized into society. 7 recipients of services were employed for permanent and temporary work, 3 of them graduated from educational courses through the employment center and received certificates in the specialty "nanny", 2 recipients of services received full legal support in confirming citizenship and receiving identity documents.

A total of 1830 services, of which:

*Activity report for 2018*
WORK MIGRATION

GOALS:
- Providing legal assistance to migrant workers;
- Providing integration assistance to vulnerable migrant workers;
- An informational and educational campaign aimed at attracting public attention to the problems of migrant workers.

The issues of international labor migration today receive much attention. And this circumstance is caused, first of all, by the fact that in a globalized economy, it is impossible to prevent the migration flow from one region to another. Labor migration is a complex social process in which several parties are involved: the host country, the transit country, and the country of departure. Modern labor migrations in Kazakhstan are a spontaneous multi-vector process. The movement of labor takes place, as a rule, from countries with a low level of income, low wages and high unemployment to countries with a higher standard of living. Labor migration is becoming widespread for many people in Central Asian countries who are faced with the problem of poverty. A sufficiently low standard of living and the need to search for the livelihoods of their families usually force migrants to work in illegal and exploitative conditions.

Kazakhstan, in Central Asia, is the only center of attraction for labor migrants, and the level of migration remains steadily high.

In Kazakhstan, there are two streams of labor migration, which are radically different. It is a question of labor migration from the countries of near and far abroad.

Within the project “Migrant Rights are Human Rights” with financial support from the Open Society Institute Foundation (FOSI), great attention is paid to improving the educational potential of migrant workers in their legal identity. Legal and social services were provided to migrant workers, drawing public attention to this problem was carried out through the distribution of printed materials and publication in the media.

In the period from January to December 2018, the organization received 1986 appeals (1001 men, 985 women), clients received advice on migration issues.

Legal assistance was provided to 1986 migrant workers and 587 social consultations were provided to citizens of the Republics of Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, the Kyrgyz Republic, Korea, Turkey, and Ukraine. Appeals were also received from citizens of Kazakhstan, among whom were relatives and acquaintances of migrants, employers, partner NGOs, law enforcement officers, and the media.

The most frequently asked questions for legal and social assistance were:
- loss and recovery of documents,
- obtaining a permanent residence permit,
- procedure and renewal of registration with the migration police,
- issues related to legal employment in the Republic of Kazakhstan,
- the process of communication with law enforcement agencies (when checking documents, detention on the street, etc.),
- obtaining a residence permit and citizenship in the Republic of Kazakhstan,
- transfer of funds to the homeland,
- risks associated with the employer’s failure to fulfill these obligations,
- receiving medical care in the Republic of Kazakhstan,
- access of migrant children to education in the Republic of Kazakhstan,
- issues relating to family and marriage relations, the conclusion and dissolution of marriages and the receipt of alimony between the citizens of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan.

The organization on an ongoing basis provides journalists with material on the problems of migrant workers, including issues related to the integration of migrants, in order to increase the tolerant attitude towards migrants in TO.

Training centers and courses for migrants who came to TO played an important role, since the majority of migrants needed additional education for employment purposes. The beneficiaries were trained in professional cutting and sewing courses at «Aizhan» LLP, computer courses at «Agro Consulting» LLP, at the Design Center “Proftech-5” Training Center.

Cooperation was established with the head of the Chamber of Entrepreneurs. The beneficiary was recommended to apply to the Cham-

Activity report for 2018
The NGO “Sana Sezim” regularly monitors changes in legislation that are applied during legal consultations.

87 information campaigns and 51 mobile consultations were held, which covered 10,115 foreign citizens engaged in or about to work in the territory of the Turkestan region, as well as transiting to work in the Russian Federation and other regions of Kazakhstan.

9 informational articles were published in regional and city newspapers and in the Internet sources, which covered the issues of the rights of migrant workers, the order of entry and stay in the Republic of Kazakhstan.
RENDERING ASSISTANCE IN THE SOCIAL INTEGRATION OF MIGRANT WORKERS INTO THE TAKING COMMUNITY OF THE TURKESTAN REGION

In this area, assistance in the social integration of migrant workers in the host community of the South Kazakhstan region was assisted by 11 vulnerable migrants.

In the process of project implementation, 11 vulnerable migrants were identified and provided integration services with the approval of IOM. The project provided assistance in four categories:

**Employment:**
- Purchase of sewing equipment;
- Buying poultry.

**Health:**
- Purchase of medicines.

**Enhance education:**
- Computer courses;
- Courses sewing and cutting;
- Courses for confectioners and cooks;
- Getting a driver's license.

**Humanitarian assistance:**
- Purchase of bedding and two folding beds.

The process of mapping stakeholders played an important role due to the fact that the intended outcome of the project was significantly dependent on their degree of interest. During the implementation of the project, a thorough analysis was carried out, which allowed to identify all interested parties and service providers who could contribute to the effective implementation of the project.

After careful analysis, the following stakeholders were identified:
- Government and law enforcement agencies;
- Media;
- NGOs;
- Diasporas;
- Training centers and courses;
- Sponsors;
- Chamber of Entrepreneurs.

Stakeholder analysis has provided us with significant information that is of great importance for the process of planning, implementing and monitoring the project in the field of integration of migrant workers.

State and law enforcement agencies, namely the migration police, together with the organization’s lawyer, explained the procedure for obtaining citizenship of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Two beneficiaries applied for citizenship.

The organization permanently provides journalists with material on the problems of migrant workers, including issues related to integration. In order to increase the tolerant attitude towards migrants in TO.

The project involved the Tajik, Uzbek and Kyrgyz diasporas. Migrant workers who have just moved to a new country for themselves are hardly fully integrated into the new society. It is quite natural that in a foreign country, for the time being, the migrant seeks communication among people with similar experience and turns, most often to the diaspora. Since diasporas associate migrants with the country of origin and often this connection is not only emotional, but also having an impact in general on the life of the migrant.

Training centers and courses played an important role, since the majority of beneficiaries needed to receive additional education for the purpose of employment. The beneficiaries were trained in professional training and sewing courses at «Aizhan» LLP, computer courses at «Agro Consulting» LLP, at the Design Center “Protech-5” Training Center.

The project also selected the “sponsors” stakeholders who are ready to assist in the integration of migrant workers. But, unfortunately, there were no sponsors who could help migrants.

Situational assessment was necessary to study the situation with the integration processes in Kazakhstan. In connection with which meetings were established with government bodies working in the field of migration. The situational assessment was based on the Strategy for the Social Integration of Migrant Workers in the Host Community of South Kazakhstan. The strategy of social integration of migrant workers in the host community of the Turkestan region was developed in 2012 by the working group of the Akimat of the Turkestan region on the social integration of migrant workers in the host community of the region.

In order to effectively implement the project, a handbook “Welcome to the Turkestan Region” was developed, which contains information about the basics of migration legislation, rules and peculiarities of stay and employment in Kazakhstan, as well as integration into society. It should be noted that the tips and warnings in the directory can really help migrants to avoid many risks and not violate the law, know their responsibilities and protect their rights. Moreover, many councils will be useful to those who are going to live and work in the South Kazakhstan region on a permanent basis. As part of the project, 1000
reference books were issued in Russian with the aim of disseminating among migrants entering and/or living in TO, in order to increase their awareness of the fundamentals of the migration legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

Among the applicants who applied for integration assistance, the main selection criteria were legal status and vulnerable position.
PROVIDING LEGAL AID TO INDIVIDUALS WITHOUT CITIZENSHIP IN THE SOUTH KAZAKHSTAN REGION, QYZYLORDA AND ZHAMBYL, KAZAKHSTAN.

Since 2016, the NGO “Sana Sezim” began work on providing legal assistance to stateless persons. The project provides free assistance to stateless persons who did not exchange Soviet passports of 1974 for ID, persons who had not previously received identity documents, met with representatives of state and law enforcement agencies in the region, information companies among the population.

During the project implementation in 2018, 578 people have contacted lawyers in three regions. Of these, 170 people received direct assistance for the restoration of documents. The table below shows the numbers by age category and gender.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender category</th>
<th>36.5%</th>
<th>63.5%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Мужчины</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Женщины</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Types of direct assistance provided:
• Providing legal advice on documentation, obtaining identity documents (birth certificates), establishing citizenship and other issues.
• Filing inquiries and escorting applications to the Department of Migration Services, Departments of Internal Affairs, Justice, Civil Registry Offices, Archives, Courts, State Department of Employment and Social Programs, PSCs, Embassies, and drawing up and filing complaints about the actions / inaction of state bodies.
• Filling out the necessary forms (applications), sending requests to the Embassies / Gen. Consulates for receiving certificates of absence / belonging to the state.
• In cases where it is necessary to represent the interests in court, drafting statements (statements of claim) (establishing the legal fact of birth, etc.), petitions, appeals, appeals against decisions, court orders.

Questions addressed for legal assistance:
• The procedure for obtaining citizenship of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
• Exchange of a red passport (USSR) for a national passport of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
• The procedure for obtaining a certificate of a stateless person in the Republic of Kazakhstan.

Activity report for 2018
TEAM OF NGO «SANA SEZIM»

Khadicha Abysheva
President

Shakhnoza Khassanova
Vice-President

Irina Orlova
Accountant

Yenikeeva Elina
Lawyer

Raushan Khudaishukurova
Social Worker

Shakhlo Yussupzhanova
Social Worker

Elnara Agmanova
Lawyer

Samat Sagynbek
Lawyer

Nargiza Irismatova
Programm Assistance

Bekhzod Tulayev
Lawyer

Our address
19 Perova St.
Shymkent, Kazakhstan, 160013

Tel/fax:
+7 (7252) 551 300, 551 200

E-mail:
ngosanasezim@rambler.ru

Website:
www.sanasezim.org
www.migrant-help.org

Activity report for 2018
2
The Legal Center for Women's Initiatives "Sana Sezim" is a member of the following associations and coalitions:

- Member of KARAT Coalition
- EKPAT International, worldwide network against the commercial exploitation of children
- Advisory Board of the Human Rights Ombudsman of Kazakhstan
- Member of the expert group of the Commission on Human Rights under the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan
- Union of Crisis Centers of Kazakhstan.
- Civil Alliance of the South Kazakhstan Region
- Coalition for the Protection of Children in Kazakhstan
- "ASTRA Network," Central and Eastern European Women's Network for Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights
- Central Asian Network on labor migration
- Monitoring Board of police of the Department of Internal Affairs of South Kazakhstan
- National Commission on Women and Family Politics of the South Kazakhstan Akim.
- Association of NGOs against trafficking in Central Asia